

1. Match the country with the term for a wine region that is used there, some terms may be used in more than one country:

<b>Country</b>	<b>Term</b>
<i>Australia</i>	<i>WO (Wine of Origin)</i>
<i>USA</i>	<i>DO (Denominación de Origen)</i>
<i>Chile</i>	<i>AVA (American Viticultural Area)</i>
<i>South Africa</i>	<i>GI (Geographical Indicator)</i>
<i>Argentina</i>	<i>DOC (Denominazione di Origine Controllata)</i>
<i>New Zealand</i>	<i>AOC (Appellation d'Origine Contrôlée)</i>

2. Wine has been produced in Hawkes Bay, New Zealand, since 1851. However, Marlborough is the largest and most important wine producing region in the country. When were the first vines planted in Marlborough?

- (a) 1870.
- (b) 1973.
- (c) 1905.
- (d) 1940.

3. Pinotage is the signature black grape of South Africa. It was created by Abraham Perold, the first Professor of Viticulture at Stellenbosch University, when he crossed two other varieties. What were those grape varieties?

- (a) *Pinot Noir & Syrah.*
- (b) *Pinot Noir & Cinsault.*
- (c) *Syrah & Grenache.*
- (d) *Pinot Noir & Mourvèdre.*

4. Shiraz is the most widely grown black grape in Australia and the most important wine style. However that name has not always been used, how were such wines labelled before the 1970s?

- (a) *Syrah.*
- (b) *Petite Sirah.*
- (c) *Sirah.*
- (d) *Hermitage.*

5. Kleine Zalze produce a very fine Méthode Cap Classique. What does the term 'Méthode Cap Classique' mean?
- (a) *It is the South African term for the 'Traditional Method'.*
- (b) *It is the South African term for a 'Solera System', used to age South African brandy.*
- (c) *It is the South African term for a red wine blend that includes Pinotage.*
- (d) *It is the South African term for a Tawny style fortified red wine.*
6. Which of these is currently the most southerly wine region in the world?
- (a) *Malleco Valley, Chile.*
- (b) *Río Negro, Argentina.*
- (c) *Central Otago, New Zealand.*
- (d) *Cape Agulhas, South Africa.*
7. Mourvèdre is a grape most associated with France's Mediterranean regions. What is it usually called in Australia?
- (a) *Monastrell.*
- (b) *Durif.*
- (c) *Morrastel.*
- (d) *Mataro.*
8. In 1867 the Ngaruroro River in Hawkes Bay, New Zealand, changed course during serious flooding. This left deep stony, shingle soils behind that formed a great wine producing sub-region. What is it called?
- (a) *Ngakirikiri.*
- (b) *Church Road.*
- (c) *Gimblett Gravels.*
- (d) *Wanaka.*
9. GSM is a popular wine style in Australia. What does 'GSM' stand for?
10. Syrah has become an increasingly important grape in New Zealand in recent years. In which region would you find the majority of Syrah plantings?
- (a) *Marlborough.*
- (b) *Martinborough.*
- (c) *Hawkes Bay.*
- (d) *Gisborne.*

**11.** Robert Oatley is best known for wine in the UK, but to Australians he is also famous as the owner of the yacht that won the Sydney to Hobart race a record nine times.

What is the name of Robert Oatley's yacht?

(a) *Rosemount II.*

(b) *Wild Oats XI.*

(c) *The Helmsman.*

(d) *Hobart's Funnies.*

**12.** Which of these grape varieties is traditionally called 'Steen' in South Africa?

(a) *Viognier.*

(b) *Muscat.*

(c) *Sauvignon Blanc.*

(d) *Chenin Blanc.*

**13.** Chris Hancock, Deputy Executive Chairman of Robert Oatley, produces a vibrant Fiano at his Hancock & Hancock estate in South Australia's McLaren Vale.

Where is Fiano more usually found?

(a) *Sicily.*

(b) *Puglia.*

(c) *Campania.*

(d) *Santorini.*

**14.** Sir George Fistonich is the founder and owner of Villa Maria, New Zealand's most successful independently owned wine company.

In which year did he start Villa Maria?

(a) 1961.

(b) 1969.

(c) 1977.

(d) 1973.

**15.** We call Australia a new world wine producing country, but when were the first vine cuttings taken to Australia?

(a) 1837.

(b) 1889.

(c) 1788.

(d) 1905.